# DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

DES-OE MS #43 1727 30TH Street, 2ND Floor Sacramento, CA 95816



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May 13, 2004

04-SM-82-5.6/8.0, 14.1/15.4, 17.0/19.8 04-2R1504

Addendum No. 1

Dear Contractor:

This addendum is being issued to the contract for construction on State highway in SAN MATEO COUNTY IN REDWOOD CITY FROM MAIN STREET TO EDGEWOOD ROAD AND IN SAN MATEO FROM 0.1 KM NORTH OF 41ST AVENUE TO 31ST AVENUE AND FROM ROUTE 82/92 SEPARATION TO EAST SANTA INEZ STREET.

Submit bids for this work with the understanding and full consideration of this addendum. The revisions declared in this addendum are an essential part of the contract.

Bids for this work will be opened on May 25, 2004.

This addendum is being issued to revise the Project Plans, the Notice to Contractors and Special Provisions, and the Proposal and Contract.

Project Plan Sheets 2, 8, 10, 12, 13, 16, 17 and 18, are revised. Half-sized copies of the revised sheets are attached for substitution for the like-numbered sheets.

Project Plan Sheet 22A is added. A half-sized copy of the added sheet is attached for addition to the project plans.

Project Plan Sheet 9 is deleted.

In the Special Provisions, Section 4, "BEGINNING OF WORK, TIME OF COMPLETION AND LIQUIDATED DAMAGES," is replaced as attached.

In the Special Provisions, Section 5-1.14, "SOUND CONTROL REQUIREMENTS," is revised as follows:

# "5-1.14 SOUND CONTROL REQUIREMENTS

Sound control shall conform to the provisions in Section 7-1.01I, "Sound Control Requirements," of the Standard Specifications."

In the Special Provisions, Section 10-1.03, "TEMPORARY CONCRETE WASHOUT FACILITY," is replaced with Section 10-1.03, "TEMPORARY CONCRETE WASHOUT (PORTABLE)," as attached.

In the Special Provisions, Section 10-1.07, "MAINTAINING TRAFFIC," is replaced as attached.

In the Special Provisions, Section 10-1.145, "ASPHALT CONCRETE," is added as attached.

Addendum No. 1 Page 2 May 13, 2004

04-SM-82-5.6/8.0, 14.1/15.4, 17.0/19.8 04-2R1504

In the Special Provisions, Section 10-1.16, "REPLACE CONCRETE PAVEMENT (RAPID STRENGTH CONCRETE)," is revised as attached.

In the Special Provisions, Section 10-1.18, "THERMOPLASTIC TRAFFIC STRIPE AND PAVEMENT MARKING," is added as attached.

In the Special Provisions, Section 10-1.19, "MOBILIZATION," is added as follows:

### "10-1.19 MOBILIZATION

Mobilization shall conform to the provisions in Section 11, "Mobilization," of the Standard Specifications."

In the Special Provisions, Section 10-3.03, "MAINTAINING EXISTING AND TEMPORARY ELECTRICAL SYSTEMS," is revised as follows:

# "10-3.03 MAINTAINING EXISTING AND TEMPORARY ELECTRICAL SYSTEMS

Traffic signal system shutdowns shall be limited to periods between the hours of Midnight to 6:00 a.m. Traffic signal system shutdowns shall be limited to periods allowed for lane closures listed or specified in "Maintaining Traffic" of these special provisions."

In the Proposal and Contract, the Engineer's Estimate Items 3, 7, 9, and 11 are revised as attached.

To Proposal and Contract book holders:

Replace the entire Engineer's Estimate in the Proposal with the attached revised Engineer's Estimate. The revised Engineer's Estimate is to be used in the bid.

Indicate receipt of this addendum by filling in the number of this addendum in the space provided on the signature page of the proposal.

Submit bids in the Proposal and Contract book you now possess. Holders who have already mailed their book will be contacted to arrange for the return of their book.

Inform subcontractors and suppliers as necessary.

This office is sending this addendum by UPS overnight mail to Proposal and Contract book holders to ensure that each receives it. A copy of this addendum and the modified wage rates are available for the contractor's use on the Internet Site:

# http://www.dot.ca.gov/hq/esc/oe/weekly\_ads/addendum\_page.html

If you are not a Proposal and Contract book holder, but request a book to bid on this project, you must comply with the requirements of this letter before submitting your bid.

Sincerely,

ORIGINAL SIGNED BY

REBECCA D. HARNAGEL, Chief Office of Plans, Specifications & Estimates Office Engineer

Attachments

# SECTION 4. BEGINNING OF WORK, TIME OF COMPLETION AND LIQUIDATED DAMAGES

Attention is directed to the provisions in Section 8-1.03, "Beginning of Work," in Section 8-1.06, "Time of Completion," and in Section 8-1.07, "Liquidated Damages," of the Standard Specifications and these special provisions.

After the contract has been approved by the Attorney General or the attorney appointed and authorized to represent the Department of Transportation, the Contractor shall begin work within 15 calendar days after approval of the contract, or within 5 calendar days after the State of California 2004/2005 Fiscal Year Budget Act becomes law, or on July 1, 2004, whichever occurs later.

No work shall be performed on this project before July 1, 2004, unless budget capacity becomes available in the 2003/2004 Fiscal Year Budget and the Engineer and Contractor have mutually agreed on a start date following contract approval.

If the 2004/2005 Fiscal Year Budget Act does not become law by August 1, 2004, and no work on the contract has been performed, the Contractor may elect to terminate the contract at no cost to the State. This election to terminate will not prejudice the Contractor's performance and payment securities or its rights to participate in future bidding for the project. If the Contractor elects to terminate the contract as provided, notification of the termination shall be submitted by U.S. Postal Service certified mail, with return receipt and certificate of mailing, to the Department of Transportation, Division of Office Engineer, (MS 43), 1727 30th Street, Sacramento, CA 95816, and postmarked before the effective date the 2004/2005 Fiscal Year Budget Act becomes law.

This work shall be diligently prosecuted to completion before the expiration of **90 WORKING DAYS** beginning on the day the Contractor begins work as mutually agreed between the Engineer and the Contractor, or, the later of "A", "B" or "C" as follows:

- A. July 1, 2004 if the 2004/2005 Fiscal Year Budget Act becomes law before July 1, 2004, and the contract has been approved by the Attorney General or the attorney appointed and authorized to represent the Department of Transportation; or
- B. the fifth calendar day after the 2004/2005 Fiscal Year Budget Act becomes law on or after July 1, 2004, and the contract has been approved by the Attorney General or the attorney appointed and authorized to represent the Department of Transportation; or
- C. beginning on the fifteenth calendar day after the contract has been approved by the Attorney General or the attorney appointed and authorized to represent the Department of Transportation.

The Contractor shall pay to the State of California the sum of \$1800 per day, for each and every calendar day's delay in finishing the work in excess of **90 WORKING DAYS**.

Work performed in conformance with the contract after July 1, 2004, will be considered authorized work and will be paid for as provided in the contract when the 2004/2005 Fiscal Year Budget Act becomes law and the contract is approved.

The Department will notify the Contractor when the 2004/2005 Fiscal Year Budget Act becomes law.

### 10-1.03 TEMPORARY CONCRETE WASHOUT (PORTABLE)

Temporary concrete washout (Portable) shall be furnished, maintained, and later removed as specified in the approved Water Pollution Control Program in conformance with "Water Pollution Control" of these special provisions, and in conformance with the Standard Specifications and as directed by the Engineer.

Attention is directed to "Water Pollution Control" of these special provisions.

Temporary concrete washout (Portable) shall be one of the water pollution control practices for waste management and materials pollution control. The Water Pollution Control Program shall include the use of temporary concrete washout (Portable).

Temporary concrete washout (Portable) shall consist of, at a minimum, a commercially available 208 liter drum. The drums shall be stenciled "Concrete Waste Material". Letters shall be black and 100 mm in height on a white background. The top of the stenciling shall 300 mm from the top of the barrel.

### **PLACEMENT**

Temporary concrete washout (Portable) shall be as follows:

- A. Temporary concrete washout (Portable) shall be in place prior to beginning placement of concrete and located a minimum of 15 m from storm drain inlets, open drainage facilities, and water courses unless determined infeasible by the Engineer. Temporary concrete washout (Portable) shall be located within the project limits only when concrete construction work is being actively performed and away from construction traffic or access areas. After initial placement, temporary concrete washouts shall be moved from location to location as needed for concrete construction work. Washout facilities shall be located in the immediate area of the concrete work, at a location determined by the Contractor and approved by the Engineer. When no longer required, as determined by the Engineer, temporary concrete washout (Portable) shall be removed from the site of the work.
- B. A sign shall be installed adjacent to each washout at a location determined by the Contractor and approved by the Engineer. Signs shall be installed in conformance with the provisions in Section 12-3.06B, "Portable Signs" of the Standard Specifications. Each portable sign shall consist of a base, framework and a sign panel. The sign panel shall be made out of plywood and shall have a minimum size of 300 mm by 900 mm. The sign panel shall be labeled "Concrete Washout" with black letters on an orange background.
- C. The Contractor shall provide sufficient temporary concrete washout capacity to contain liquid and concrete waste generated by washout operations without seepage, spillage or overflow.

Maintaining temporary concrete washout (Portable) shall include removing and disposing of concrete waste. Concrete waste materials shall be removed each day and disposed of in conformance with the provisions in Section 7-1.13, "Disposal of Material Outside the Highway Right of Way" of the Standard Specifications. Stockpiling shall not be allowed.

When relocating or transporting temporary concrete washout (Portable), the portable washout shall be secured properly to prevent spillage of concrete waste materials.

When no longer needed, as determined by the Engineer, temporary concrete washout (Portable) shall remain the property of the Contractor and shall be removed from the site of the work and disposed of outside of the highway right of way in conformance with section 7-1.13, "Disposal of Material Outside the Highway Right of Way" of the Standard Specifications.

### **PAYMENT**

The contract lump sum price paid for temporary concrete washout (portable) shall include full compensation for furnishing all labor, materials, tools, equipment, including sign, and incidentals, and for doing all the work involved in furnishing, placing, maintaining, repairing, replacing, transporting from location to location, disposing of concrete waste and removing temporary concrete washout (portable), as specified in the Standard Specifications and these special provisions, and as directed by the Engineer.

# 10-1.07 MAINTAINING TRAFFIC

Attention is directed to Sections 7-1.08, "Public Convenience," 7-1.09, "Public Safety," and 12, "Construction Area Traffic Control Devices," of the Standard Specifications and to the provisions in "Public Safety" of these special provisions and these special provisions. Nothing in these special provisions shall be construed as relieving the Contractor from the responsibilities specified in Section 7-1.09.

Lane closures shall conform to the provisions in section "Traffic Control System for Lane Closure" of these special provisions.

Personal vehicles of the Contractor's employees shall not be parked within the right of way.

The Contractor shall notify local authorities of the Contractor's intent to begin work at least 5 days before work is begun. The Contractor shall cooperate with local authorities relative to handling traffic through the area and shall make arrangements relative to keeping the working area clear of parked vehicles.

Whenever vehicles or equipment are parked on the shoulder within 1.8 m of a traffic lane, the shoulder area shall be closed with fluorescent traffic cones or portable delineators placed on a taper in advance of the parked vehicles or equipment and along the edge of the pavement at 7.5 m intervals to a point not less than 7.5 m past the last vehicle or piece of equipment. A minimum of 9 cones or portable delineators shall be used for the taper. A C23 (Road Work Ahead) or C24 (Shoulder Work Ahead) sign shall be mounted on a portable sign stand with flags. The sign shall be placed where designated by the Engineer.

The Contractor shall notify San Mateo County Transportation District (Sam Trans) 2 weeks prior to any work that affects or closes a bus stop. The telephone number of San Mateo County Transportation District is (800)660-4287.

Lanes shall be closed only during the hours shown on the charts included in this section "Maintaining Traffic." Except work required under Sections 7-1.08 and 7-1.09, work that interferes with public traffic shall be performed only during the hours shown for lane closures.

There shall be at least a 3 kilometer gap between any concurrent closures in the same direction on Route 82.

Access to businesses shall be maintained at all times during regular business hours.

Designated legal holidays are: January 1st, the third Monday in February, the last Monday in May, July 4th, the first Monday in September, November 11th, Thanksgiving Day, and December 25th. When a designated legal holiday falls on a Sunday, the following Monday shall be a designated legal holiday. When November 11th falls on a Saturday, the preceding Friday shall be a designated legal holiday.

Minor deviations from the requirements of this section concerning hours of work which do not significantly change the cost of the work may be permitted upon the written request of the Contractor if, in the opinion of the Engineer, public traffic will be better served and the work expedited. These deviations shall not be adopted by the Contractor until the Engineer has approved the deviations in writing. Other modifications will be made by contract change order.

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### 10-1.145 ASPHALT CONCRETE

Asphalt concrete shall be Type A and shall conform to the provisions in Section 39, "Asphalt Concrete," of the Standard Specifications and these special provisions.

The aggregate for Type A asphalt concrete shall conform to the 12.5 mm Maximum, Coarse grading specified in Section 39-2.02, "Aggregate," of the Standard Specifications.

The asphalt content of the asphalt mixture will be determined in conformance with the requirements in California Test 379, or in conformance with the requirements in California Test 382.

Paint binder (tack coat) shall be applied to existing surfaces to be surfaced and between layers of asphalt concrete, except when eliminated by the Engineer.

Paint binder (tack coat) shall be paving asphalt conforming to the provisions in Section 39-4.02, "Prime Coat and Paint Binder (Tack Coat)," and Section 92, "Asphalts," of the Standard Specifications. The grade of paving asphalt to be used as paint binder will be determined by the Engineer.

Paint binder (tack coat) shall be, at the option of the Contractor, either slow-setting asphaltic emulsion, rapid-setting asphaltic emulsion or paving asphalt. Slow-setting asphaltic emulsion and rapid-setting asphaltic emulsion shall conform to the provisions in Section 39-4.02, "Prime Coat and Paint Binder (Tack Coat)," and the provisions in Section 94, "Asphaltic Emulsions," of the Standard Specifications. When paving asphalt is used for paint binder, the grade will be determined by the Engineer. Paving asphalt shall conform to the provisions in Section 39-4.02, "Prime Coat and Paint Binder (Tack Coat)," and the provisions in Section 92, "Asphalts," of the Standard Specifications.

Paint binder (tack coat) shall be applied in the liter per square meter range limits specified for the surfaces to receive asphalt concrete in the tables below. The exact application rate within the range will be determined by the Engineer.

Application Rates for Asphaltic I	Emulsion Paint Binder (Tack Coat) on Asp	halt Concrete (except Open Graded) and
	on Portland Cement Concrete Pavement (	PCCP)
Type of surface to receive	Slow-Setting Asphaltic Emulsion	Rapid-Setting Asphaltic Emulsion
Paint binder (tack coat)	$L/m^2(Note A)$	L/m <sup>2</sup> (Note B)
Dense, compact surfaces,	0.20 - 0.35	0.10 - 0.20
between layers, and on PCCP		
Open textured, or dry,	0.35 - 0.90	0.20 - 0.40
aged surfaces		

Note A: Slow-setting asphaltic emulsion is asphaltic emulsion diluted with additional water. Water shall be added and mixed with the asphaltic emulsion (containing up to 43 percent water) so the resulting mixture contains one part asphaltic emulsion and not more than one part added water. The water shall be added by the emulsion producer or at a facility that has the capability to mix or agitate the combined blend.

Note B: Undiluted rapid-setting asphaltic emulsion.

Application Rates for Paint Binder (Tack	,
Open Graded Asphalt Concrete	
Type of surface to receive paint binder (tack coat)	Paving Asphalt L/m <sup>2</sup>
Dense, compact surfaces and between layers	0.05 - 0.10
Open textured, or dry, aged surfaces	0.15 - 0.25

When asphaltic emulsion is used as paint binder (tack coat), asphalt concrete shall not be placed until the applied asphaltic emulsion has completely changed color from brown to black.

### 10-1.16 REPLACE CONCRETE PAVEMENT (RAPID STRENGTH CONCRETE)

Replace concrete pavement (Rapid Strength Concrete) for bus pad, curb and gutter shall consist of removing existing portland cement concrete pavement and underlying cement treated base and constructing rapid strength concrete (RSC) pavement as shown on the plans and in conformance with Section 40, "Portland Cement Concrete Pavement," of the Standard Specifications and these special provisions.

#### **DEFINITIONS**

The following definitions shall apply to this section:

- A. EARLY AGE. A time less than 10 times the final set time of the concrete.
- B. FINAL SET TIME. The elapsed time after initial contact of cement and water, or accelerator, if used, at which a specific penetration resistance of 27.6 MPa is achieved in conformance with the requirements in ASTM Designation: C 403.
- C. OPENING AGE. The age at which the concrete will achieve the specified strength for opening to public or Contractor traffic.

### PRE-OPERATION CONFERENCE

Attention is directed to "Replace Concrete Pavement (Rapid Strength Concrete)" of these special provisions in regard to providing pre-operation conference and the Just-In-Time Training prior to commencing Pavement Replacement operations.

The Contractor and subcontractors involved in construction operations of RSC shall meet with the Engineer at a preoperation conference, at a mutually agreed time, to discuss methods of accomplishing all phases of the construction operation, contingency planning, and standards of workmanship for the completed item of work.

The Contractor shall provide the facility for the pre-operation conference. The Contractor's superintendent, foremen, subcontractors, field staff, plant personnel including plant supervisors, manager, and operator involved with RSC shall attend the pre-operation conference. The Contractor shall submit a list of participants to the Engineer for approval. The complete listing shall identify each participant's name, employer, title and role in construction of RSC. The pre-operation conference shall be held for no less than 2 hours. Construction operations of RSC shall not begin until the specified personnel have completed the mandatory pre-operation conference.

# JUST-IN-TIME TRAINING

Just-In-Time Training (JITT) shall be mandatory, and consist of a formal joint training class on rapid strength concrete. Construction operations for rapid strength concrete shall not begin until the Contractor's and the Engineer's personnel have completed the mandatory JITT. The Contractor's personnel included in the list of participants for the Pre-Operation Conference along with the Engineer's representatives shall attend JITT.

The JITT session will be conducted for not less than 4 hours on rapid strength concrete. The training class may be an extension of the Pre-Operation Conference and shall be conducted at the project field location convenient for both the Contractor's and the Engineer's project staffs. Scheduling and completion of the JITT session shall be completed at least 5 working days prior to the start of construction of rapid strength concrete. The class shall be held during normal working hours.

The JITT instructor shall be experienced in the construction methods, materials, and test methods associated with rapid strength concrete. The instructor shall not be an employee of the Contractor or a member of the Engineer's field staff. A copy of the syllabus, handouts, and presentation material shall be submitted to the Engineer at least 7 days before the day of the training. Selection of the course instructor, the course content and training site shall be as mutually agreed to by the Contractor and the Engineer. The instructor shall issue a certificate of completion to the participants upon the completion of the class. The certificate shall include the course title, date and location of the class, the name of the participant, instructor's name, location and phone number.

The Contractor's or Engineer's personnel involved with rapid strength concrete operations will not be required to attend JITT if they have completed similar training within the previous 12 months of the date of the JITT for this project. The Contractor shall provide a certificate of class completion as described above for each staff member to be excluded from the JITT session. The final determination for exclusion of any staff member's participation will be as determined by the Engineer. All attendees of the JITT shall complete, and submit to the Engineer, an evaluation of the training. The course evaluation form will be provided by the Engineer.

It is expressly understood that Just-In-Time Training shall not relieve the Contractor of any responsibility under the contract for the successful completion of the work in conformity with the requirements of the plans and specifications.

# TRIAL SLAB

Prior to beginning work on replacement concrete pavement (RSC), the Contractor shall successfully complete one or more trial slabs for each RSC mix design to be used in constructing RSC pavement. Trial slabs shall be constructed, finished, cured and tested with the materials, tools, equipment, personnel and methods to be used in completing RSC pavement. Trial slabs shall demonstrate that the Contractor is capable of producing RSC pavement in conformance with the provisions in this section, within anticipated time periods including delivery, placement, finishing and curing times, and under similar atmospheric and temperature conditions expected during replacement operations. Multiple trial slabs for each RSC mix design may be required to envelop variable atmospheric and temperature conditions.

The minimum trial slab dimensions shall be 3 m by 6 m and shall be 225 mm thick where planned replacement pavement nominal thickness is less than 255 mm. The trial slab thickness shall be 260 mm where planned replacement pavement nominal thickness is 255 mm or greater. Where there are planned slab replacements with greater and less than 255 mm thickness then two trial slabs shall be required one at 225 mm thick and one at 260 mm thick. Trial slabs shall be placed near the project site at a location mutually acceptable to the Engineer and the Contractor except slabs shall not be placed on the roadway or within the project limits.

During trial slab construction and within 20 minutes of RSC delivery, beams shall be fabricated in conformance with the requirements in California Test 523. Beams shall be used to determine early age and 7-day modulus of rupture values. Beams fabricated for early age testing shall be cured so that the monitored temperature in the beams and the trial slab are within 3°C at all times. Internal temperatures of trial slab and early age beams shall be monitored and recorded at minimum time intervals of 5 minutes by installing thermocouples and or thermistors connected to strip-chart recorders or digital data loggers. Temperature recording devices shall be accurate to within ±1°C. Internal temperature readings shall be measured at 25 mm from the top and 25 mm from the bottom, no closer than 75 mm from any edge of the concrete elements, until early age testing is completed. Beams fabricated for 7-day testing shall be cured in conformance with California Test 523 except they shall be placed into sand at between 5 and 10 times final set time or 24 hours, whichever is earlier. Trial slabs 225 mm thick shall have an early age modulus of rupture of not less than 2.8 MPa and a 7-day modulus of rupture of not less than 4.2 MPa. Trial slabs 260 mm thick shall have an early age modulus of rupture of not less than 2.3 MPa and a 7-day modulus of rupture of not less than 4.2 MPa. Beams failing early age or 7-day modulus of rupture requirements shall be cause for rejection of the trial slab.

The Contractor may request, in writing, the use of ASTM Designation: C 805 or C 900 to estimate the modulus of rupture of the pavement at early ages, subject to approval by the Engineer. The selected test method shall be used to determine modulus of rupture until 7 days after the Contractor notifies the Engineer of withdrawal of the proposal or 7 days after the Engineer notifies the Contractor of withdrawal of approval, in writing. During trial slab curing, correlation testing shall be performed to determine the relation between the modulus of rupture and ASTM Designation: C 805 or C 900 performed on the trial slab. The correlation shall be established by testing at 4 or more time intervals. At a minimum, tests shall be performed one hour before and one hour after the opening age and two others within 15 minutes of the opening age. Modulus of rupture estimates shall be calculated with either a linear, exponential or logarithmic, least squares best-fit equation, whichever provides the best correlation coefficient.

Materials resulting from construction of trial slabs and test specimens shall become the property of the Contractor and shall be removed and disposed of in conformance with the provisions in Section 7-1.13, "Disposal of Material Outside the Highway Right of Way," of the Standard Specifications.

# REMOVING EXISTING PAVEMENT AND BASE MATERIALS

Exact limits of concrete pavement to be replaced will be determined by the Engineer.

Existing concrete pavement and underlying base material shall be removed and replaced with concrete material and RSC pavement within the same work period. In the event existing pavement or base materials are removed and the Contractor is unable to construct, finish, and cure RSC pavement prior to the specified traffic opening time, a temporary roadway structural section shall be constructed.

The outline of concrete pavement to be removed shall be sawed full depth with a power-driven saw except where the pavement is located adjacent to an asphalt concrete. Saw cuts within concrete pavement slabs shall be cut no more than 2 days prior to concrete pavement slab removal. Saw cuts made in work shifts prior to the actual removal work shift shall not be made parallel or diagonal to the traveled way and shall be cut so that traffic will not dislodge any pieces or segments.

Concrete pavement shall be removed by non-impacting methods. Each pavement panel shall be removed in one or more pieces without disturbance or damage to the underlying base.

Equipment used to remove concrete pavement within the sawed outline, shall not impact the surface of the concrete to be removed within 0.5-m of pavement to remain in place. Pavement and base removal shall be performed without damage to pavement or base to remain in place. Damage to pavement or base to remain in place, shall be repaired or removed and replaced. Repair, or removal and replacement of the damaged pavement and base shall be at the Contractor's expense and will not be measured nor paid for.

Removed materials shall be disposed of in conformance with the provisions in Section 7-1.13, "Disposal of Material Outside the Highway Right of Way," of the Standard Specifications.

The material remaining in place, after removing pavement and base to the required depth, shall be graded to a uniform plane, moisture conditioned, and compacted by methods that will produce a firm and stable base. The finished surface of the remaining material shall not extend above the grade established by the Engineer. Areas that are low as a result of over excavation during base removal shall be filled, at the Contractor's expense, with base replacement material at the time and in the same operation that the base replacement layer is placed.

# TEMPORARY ROADWAY STRUCTURAL SECTION

Asphalt concrete and aggregate base, equal to the quantity of pavement removed during the work shift, shall be provided on site for construction of a temporary roadway structural section where existing pavement is to be replaced. The quantity and location of standby material shall be included in the Contractor's contingency plan in conformance with the requirements of these special provisions. Temporary roadway structural section shall be maintained and later removed as the first order of work when replace concrete pavement (Rapid Strength Concrete) operations resume. The temporary roadway structural section shall consist of 90-mm thick asphalt concrete over aggregate base. RSC not conforming to these special provisions for RSC may be used for temporary roadway structural section with the Engineer's approval.

Aggregate base for temporary roadway structural section shall be produced from commercial quality aggregates consisting of broken stone, crushed gravel, natural rough-surfaced gravel, reclaimed concrete and sand, or any combination thereof. Grading of aggregate base shall conform to the 19-mm maximum grading specified in Section 26-1.02A, "Class 2 Aggregate Base," of the Standard Specifications.

Asphalt concrete for temporary roadway structural section shall be produced from commercial quality aggregates and asphalt binder. Grading of aggregate shall conform to the 19-mm maximum, medium grading in Section 39-2.02, "Aggregate," of the Standard Specifications and asphalt binder shall conform to requirements for liquid asphalt SC-800 in Section 93, "Liquid Asphalts," of the Standard Specifications. Amount of asphalt binder to be mixed with the aggregate shall be approximately 0.3 percent less than the optimum bitumen content determined in conformance with the requirements in California Test 367.

Aggregate base and asphalt concrete for the temporary roadway structural section shall be spread and compacted by methods that will produce a well-compacted, uniform base, with a surface of uniform smoothness, texture and density. Surfaces shall be free from pockets of coarse or fine material. Aggregate base may be spread and compacted in one layer. Asphalt concrete may be spread and compacted in one layer. Finished surface of asphalt concrete shall not vary more than 15 mm from the lower edge of a 3.6-m  $\pm 0.06$  m long straightedge placed parallel with the centerline and shall match the elevation of existing concrete pavement along the joints between the existing pavement and temporary surfacing.

Removed temporary roadway structural section materials shall be disposed of in conformance with the provisions in Section 7-1.13, "Disposal of Material Outside the Highway Right of Way," of the Standard Specifications, except that removed aggregate base may be stockpiled at the project site and reused for construction of temporary roadway structural sections. When no longer required, standby material or stockpiled material for construction of temporary roadway structural sections shall be disposed of in conformance with the provisions in Section 7-1.13, "Disposal of Material Outside the Highway Right of Way," of the Standard Specifications.

# RAPID STRENGTH CONCRETE

#### General

Rapid Strength Concrete (RSC) shall be a concrete made with hydraulic cement that develops opening age and 7-day specified modulus of rupture strengths.

Requirements of Sections 40-1.015, "Cement Content," 40-1.05, "Proportioning," and 90-1.01, "Description," of the Standard Specifications shall not apply.

Combined aggregate grading used in RSC shall be either the 37.5-mm, maximum grading, or 25-mm, maximum grading, at the option of the Contractor.

Cement for RSC shall be hydraulic cement as defined in ASTM Designation: C 219 and shall conform to the following requirements:

Test Description	Test Method	Requirement
Contraction in Air	California Test 527,W/C Ratio = $0.39 \pm 0.010$	0.053 %, max.
Mortar Expansion in Water	ASTM Designation: C 1038	0.04 %, max.
Soluble Chloride*	California Test 422	0.05 %, max.
Soluble Sulfates*	California Test 417	0.30 %, max.
Thermal Stability	California Test 553	60 %, min.
Compressive Strength @ 3 days	ASTM Designation: C 109	17 MPa

\*Test is to be done on a cube specimen, fabricated in conformance with the requirements in ASTM Designation: C 109, cured at least 14 days and then pulverized to 100% passing the 300-µm sieve

At least 45 days prior to intended use, the Contractor shall furnish a sample of cement from each lot proposed for use and all admixtures proposed for use in the quantities ordered by the Engineer.

The Contractor shall submit uniformity reports for cement used in RSC to the Engineer. Uniformity reports shall conform to the requirements in ASTM Designation: C 917, except that testing age and water content may be modified to suit the particular material. Uniformity reports shall be submitted at least every 30 days during RSC pavement operations.

Type C accelerating chemical admixtures conforming to the provisions in Section 90-4, "Admixtures," of the Standard Specifications may be used. In addition to the admixtures listed on the Department's current list of approved admixtures, citric acid or borax may be used if requested in writing by the cement manufacturer and a sample is submitted to the Engineer. Chemical admixtures, if used, shall be included in the testing for requirements listed in the table above.

At least 10 days prior to use in the trial slab, the Contractor shall submit a mix design for RSC that shall include the following:

- A. Opening age
- B. Proposed aggregate gradings
- C. Mix proportions of hydraulic cement and aggregate
- D. Types and amounts of chemical admixtures
- E. Maximum time allowed between batching RSC and placing roadway pavement
- F. Range of ambient temperatures over which the mix design is effective (10°C maximum range)
- G. Final set time of the concrete
- H. Any special instructions or conditions, including but not limited to, water temperature requirements when appropriate

The Contractor shall submit more than one mix design to plan for ambient temperature variations anticipated during placement of the roadway pavement. Each mix shall be designed for a maximum ambient temperature range of 10°C. The Contractor shall develop and furnish modulus of rupture development data for each proposed mix design. Modulus of rupture development data for up to 7 days shall be provided to the Engineer prior to beginning paving operations. Modulus of rupture development data may be developed from laboratory prepared samples. The testing ages for modulus of rupture development data shall include one hour before opening age, opening age, one hour after opening age, 24 hours, 7 days and 28 days.

Concrete pavement penetration requirements in Section 90-6.06, "Amount of Water and Penetration," of the Standard Specifications shall not apply to RSC.

RSC pavement shall develop a minimum modulus of rupture of as specified in "Pay Factor Adjustment for Low Modulus of Rupture" of these special provisions before opening to public or Contractor traffic. In addition, RSC pavement shall develop a minimum modulus of rupture of 4.2 MPa in 7 days after placement. RSC pavement that attains a modulus of rupture of less than specified may be accepted in conformance with "Pay Factor Adjustment for Low Modulus of Rupture" specified herein. Modulus of rupture shall be determined by averaging results from 3 beam specimens tested in conformance with the requirements in California Test 523. Beam specimens may be fabricated using an internal vibrator in conformance with the requirements in ASTM Designation: C 31. No single test shall represent more than the production of that day or 100 cubic meters, whichever is less.

Modulus of rupture at early age may be estimated using the correlation established during trial slab placement or by using results from beam specimens cured under atmospheric conditions and at a temperature within 3°C of the pavement. Modulus of rupture at other ages will be determined using beams cured and tested in conformance with California Test 523 except beams will be placed into sand between 5 and 10 times final set time or 24 hours, whichever is earlier. The Engineer will perform the testing to determine modulus of rupture values of the RSC pavement. The modulus of rupture, as determined above, will be the basis for accepting or rejecting the RSC pavement for modulus of rupture requirements.

# Pay Factor Adjustment for Low Modulus of Rupture

Where planned replacement pavement nominal thickness is less than 255 mm, payment for replace concrete pavement (Rapid Strength Concrete) will be adjusted for low modulus of rupture tests as follows:

- A. Replace concrete pavement (Rapid Strength Concrete) with modulus of rupture of 2.8 MPa or greater before the lane is opened to the traffic and 7-day modulus of rupture of 4.2 MPa or greater will be paid for at the contract price per cubic meter for replace concrete pavement (Rapid Strength Concrete).
- B. Replace concrete pavement (Rapid Strength Concrete) with a 7-day modulus of rupture of less than 3.4 MPa will not be paid for, and shall be removed and replaced, at the Contractor's expense with replace concrete pavement (Rapid Strength Concrete) conforming to the requirements of these special provisions.
- C. Replace concrete pavement (Rapid Strength Concrete) with modulus of rupture of 2.1 MPa or greater before the lane is opened to traffic and a 7-day modulus of rupture of equal to or greater than 3.4 MPa will be paid for at a percentage of the contract price per cubic meter for replace concrete pavement (Rapid Strength Concrete) in conformance with the percentages in the pay table below.
- D. Replace concrete pavement (Rapid Strength Concrete) with modulus of rupture of less than 2.1 MPa when the lane is opened to traffic will be rejected and shall be removed and replaced at the Contractor's expense with replace concrete pavement (Rapid Strength Concrete) conforming to the requirements of these special provisions.

Percentage Pay Table

Modulus of Rupture (MPa) at		7-Day Modulus of Rupture	e (MPa)
opening to traffic	Greater than or equal to 4.2	Less than 4.2 and greater than or equal to 3.8	Less than 3.8 and greater than or equal to 3.4
Greater than or equal to 2.8	100%	95%	90%
Less than 2.8 and greater than or equal to 2.4	95%	95%	90%
Less than 2.4 and greater than or equal to 2.1	80%*	80%*	80%*

<sup>\*</sup>Any replacement panels that develops one or more transverse cracks within 21 days after placement shall be removed and replaced at the Contractor's expense with replace concrete pavement (Rapid Strength Concrete) conforming to the requirements of these special provisions. A transverse crack is defined as a crack running from one longitudinal edge of the panel to the other.

Where planned replacement pavement nominal thickness is 255 mm or greater, payment for replace concrete pavement (Rapid Strength Concrete) will be adjusted for low modulus of rupture tests as follows:

- A. Replace concrete pavement (Rapid Strength Concrete) with modulus of rupture of 2.3 MPa or greater before the lane is opened to the traffic and 7-day modulus of rupture of 4.2 MPa or greater will be paid for at the contract price per cubic meter for replace concrete pavement (Rapid Strength Concrete).
- B. Replace concrete pavement (Rapid Strength Concrete) with a 7-day modulus of rupture of less than 3.4 MPa will not be paid for, and shall be removed and replaced, at the Contractor's expense with replace concrete pavement (Rapid Strength Concrete) conforming to the requirements of these special provisions.
- C. Replace concrete pavement (Rapid Strength Concrete) with modulus of rupture of 1.8 MPa or greater before the lane is opened to traffic and a 7-day modulus of rupture of equal to or greater than 3.4 MPa will be paid for at a percentage of the contract price per cubic meter for replace concrete pavement (Rapid Strength Concrete) in conformance with the percentages in the pay table below.
- D. Replace concrete pavement (Rapid Strength Concrete) with modulus of rupture of less than 1.8 MPa when the lane is opened to traffic will be rejected and shall be removed and replaced at the Contractor's expense with replace concrete pavement (Rapid Strength Concrete) conforming to the requirements of these special provisions.

# Percentage Pay Table

Modulus of Rupture (MPa) at		7-Day Modulus of Rupture	e (MPa)
opening to traffic	Greater than or	Less than 4.2 and greater	Less than 3.8 and greater
	equal to 4.2	than or equal to 3.8	than or equal to 3.4
Greater than or equal to 2.3	100%	95%	90%
Less than 2.3 and greater than or equal to 2.0	95%	95%	90%
Less than 2.0 and greater than or equal to 1.8	80%*	80%*	80%*

<sup>\*</sup>Any replacement panels that develops one or more transverse cracks within 21 days after placement shall be removed and replaced at the Contractor's expense with replace concrete pavement (Rapid Strength Concrete) conforming to the requirements of these special provisions. A transverse crack is defined as a crack running from one longitudinal edge of the panel to the other.

The Contractor shall pay to the State adjustments in payment for low modulus of rupture tests in conformance with the requirements specified in the tables in this section. The Department will deduct the amount of the adjustments from moneys due or that may become due, the Contractor under the contract.

# **Proportioning**

Weighing, measuring and metering devices used for proportioning materials shall conform to the provisions in Section 9-1.01, "Measurement of Quantities," of the Standard Specifications and these special provisions.

Over and under dials, and other indicators for weighing and measuring systems used in proportioning materials shall be grouped so that the smallest increment for each indicator can be accurately read from the point at which the proportioning operation is controlled for ingredients batched at a central batch plant. In addition, indicators for weighing and measuring cement batched from a remote weighing system shall also be placed so that each indicator can be accurately read from the point at which the proportioning operation is controlled

Aggregates shall be handled and stored in conformance with the provisions in Section 90-5.01, "Storage of Aggregates," of the Standard Specifications. Liquid admixtures shall be proportioned in conformance with the provisions in Section 90-4.10, "Proportioning and Dispensing Liquid Admixtures," of the Standard Specifications. Mineral admixtures shall be protected from exposure to moisture until used. Adequate facilities shall be provided to assure that mineral admixtures meeting the specified requirements are kept separate from other mineral admixtures to easily track the materials that are entering the work. Safe and suitable facilities for sampling mineral admixtures shall be provided at the weigh hopper or in the feed line immediately in advance of the hopper.

Weighing equipment shall be insulated against vibration or movement of other operating equipment. When the plant is in operation, the mass of each draft of material shall not vary from the designated mass by more than the tolerances specified herein. Each scale graduation shall be 0.001 of the usable scale capacity.

Aggregate shall be weighed cumulatively and equipment for the weighing of aggregate shall have a zero tolerance of  $\pm 0.5$  percent of the designated total batch mass of the aggregate. Equipment for the separate weighing of the cement or mineral admixture shall have a zero tolerance of  $\pm 0.5$  percent of their designated individual batch drafts. Equipment for measuring water shall have a zero tolerance of  $\pm 0.5$  percent of its designated mass or volume.

The mass indicated for any individual batch of material shall not vary from the preselected scale setting by more than the following:

Material	Tolerance
Aggregate	± 1.0 percent of designated batch mass
Cement	$\pm$ 0.5 percent of designated batch mass
Mineral Admixture	$\pm$ 1.0 percent of designated batch mass
Water	$\pm$ 1.5 percent of designated batch mass or volume

Proportioning shall consist of dividing the aggregates into the specified sizes, each stored in a separate bin, and combining them with cement, mineral admixture and water as provided in these special provisions. Dry ingredients shall be proportioned by mass. Liquid ingredients shall be proportioned by mass or volume.

At the time of batching, aggregates shall have been dried or drained sufficiently to result in stable moisture content, so that no visible separation of water from aggregate will take place during the proportioning process. In no event shall the free moisture content of the fine aggregate at the time of batching exceed 8 percent of its saturated, surface-dry mass.

If separate supplies of aggregate material of the same size group with different moisture content or specific gravity or surface characteristics affecting workability are available at the proportioning plant, withdrawals shall be made from one supply exclusively and the materials therein completely exhausted before starting upon another supply.

Cement shall be kept separate from the aggregates until released for discharge into the mixer. Cement shall be free of lumps and clods when discharged into the mixer. Fabric containers used for transportation or proportioning of cement shall be clean and free of residue before reuse.

Weigh systems for proportioning aggregate, cement, and mineral admixture shall be individual and distinct from all other weigh systems. Each weigh system shall be equipped with a hopper, a lever system, and an indicator to constitute an individual and distinct material-weighing device.

For batches with a volume of one cubic meter or more, proportioning equipment shall conform to one of the following methods:

- A. All ingredients shall be batched at a central batch plant and charged into a mixer truck for transportation to the pour site. Ingredient proportioning shall meet the requirements of Section 90-5, "Proportioning," of the Standard Specifications.
- B. All ingredients except the cement shall be batched at a central batch plant and charged into a mixer truck for transportation to a remote located silo and weigh system for the proportioning of the cement. The remote system shall proportion cement for charging the mixer truck.
- C. All ingredients except the cement shall be batched at a central batch plant and charged into a mixer truck for transportation to a remote location where pre-weighed, containerized cement shall be added to the mixer truck. The cement pre-weighing operation shall utilize a platform scale. The platform scale shall have a maximum capacity of 2.5 tonnes with a maximum graduation size of 0.5 kilograms. Cement shall be pre-weighed into a fabric container. The minimum amount of cement to be proportioned into any single container shall be one half of the total amount required for the load of RSC being produced.
- D. Cement, water, and aggregate shall be proportioned volumetrically in conformance with these special provisions.

In order to check the accuracy of batch masses, the gross mass and tare mass of truck mixers shall be determined when ordered by the Engineer. The equipment shall be weighed at the Contractor's expense on scales designated by the Engineer.

The Contractor shall install and maintain in operating condition an electrically actuated moisture meter. The meter shall indicate, on a readily visible scale, changes in the moisture content of the fine aggregate as it is batched. The meter shall have a sensitivity of 0.5 percent by mass of the fine aggregate.

No additional mixing water shall be incorporated into the concrete during hauling or after arrival at the delivery point, unless authorized by the Engineer. If the Engineer authorizes additional water to be incorporated into the concrete, the drum shall be revolved not less than 30 revolutions at mixing speed after the water is added and before discharge is commenced. Water added to the truck mixer at the job site shall be measured through a meter that conforms to the provisions in Section 9-1.01, "Measurement of Quantities," of the Standard Specifications.

Aggregate discharged from several bins shall be controlled by gates or by mechanical conveyors. The means of discharge from the bins and from the weigh hopper shall be interlocked so that no more than one bin can discharge at a time, and so that the weigh hopper can not be discharged until the required quantity from each of the bins has been deposited in the weigh hopper.

# **Weighmaster Certificates**

Weighmaster certificates for RSC, regardless of the proportioning method used, shall include all information necessary to trace the manufacturer, and manufacturer's lot number for the cement being used. When proportioned into fabric containers the weighmaster certificates for the cement shall contain date of proportioning, location of proportioning and actual net draft mass of the cement. When proportioned at the pour site from a storage silo the weighmaster certificates shall contain date of proportioning, location of proportioning and the net draft mass of the cement used in the load.

# **Volumetric Proportioning**

When RSC is proportioned by volume, the method shall conform to requirements specified herein.

Aggregates shall be handled and stored in conformance with the provisions in Section 90-5.01, "Storage of Aggregates," of the Standard Specifications. Liquid admixtures shall be proportioned in conformance with the provisions in Section 90-4.10, "Proportioning and Dispensing Liquid Admixtures," of the Standard Specifications. Mineral admixtures shall be protected from exposure to moisture until used. Adequate facilities shall be provided to assure that mineral admixtures meeting the specified requirements are kept separate from other mineral admixtures in order to prevent any but the specified mineral admixtures from entering the work. Safe and suitable facilities for sampling mineral admixtures shall be provided at the batch-mixer storage hopper or in the feed line.

Batch-mixer trucks shall be equipped to proportion cement, water, aggregate and additives by volume. Aggregate feeders shall be connected directly to the drive on the cement vane feeder. The cement feed rate shall be tied directly to the feed rate for the aggregate and other ingredients. Any change in the ratio of cement to aggregate shall be accomplished by changing the gate opening for the aggregate feed. The drive shaft of the aggregate feeder shall be equipped with a revolution counter reading to the nearest full or partial revolution of the aggregate delivery belt.

Aggregate shall be proportioned using a belt feeder operated with an adjustable cutoff gate delineated to the nearest quarter increment. Height of the gate opening shall be readily determinable. Cement shall be proportioned by a method that conforms to the accuracy requirements of these special provisions. Water shall be proportioned by a meter conforming to the provisions in Section 9-1.01, "Measurement and Payment," of the Standard Specifications and these special provisions.

Delivery rate of aggregate and cement per revolution of the aggregate feeder shall be calibrated at appropriate gate settings for each batch-mixer truck used on the project and for each aggregate source. Batch-mixer trucks shall be calibrated at 3 different aggregate gate settings that are commensurate with production needs. Two or more calibration runs shall be required at each of the different aggregate gate openings. The actual mass of material delivered for aggregate proportioning device calibrations shall be determined by a platform scale as specified in these special provisions.

Aggregate belt feeder shall deliver aggregate to the mixer with volumetric consistency so that deviation for any individual aggregate delivery rate check-run shall not exceed 1.0 percent of the mathematical average of all runs for the same gate opening and aggregate type. Each test run shall be at least 500 kg. Fine aggregate used for calibration shall not be reused for device calibration.

At the time of batching, aggregates shall be dried or drained sufficiently to result in stable moisture content, so that no visible separation of water from aggregate takes place during the proportioning process. In no event shall the free moisture content of the fine aggregate at the time of batching exceed 8 percent of its saturated, surface-dry mass.

If separate supplies of aggregate material of the same size group with different moisture content or specific gravity or surface characteristics affecting workability are available at the proportioning plant, withdrawals shall be made from one supply exclusively and the materials therein completely exhausted before starting another supply.

Rotating and reciprocating equipment on batch-mixer trucks shall be covered with metal guards.

The cement proportioning system shall deliver cement to the mixer with a volumetric consistency so that the deviation for any individual delivery rate check-run shall not exceed 1.0 percent of the mathematical average of 3 runs of at least 500 kg each. Cement used for calibration shall not be reused for device calibration.

Water meter accuracy shall be such that, when operating between 50 percent and 100 percent of production capacity, the difference between the indicated mass of water delivered and the actual mass delivered shall not exceed 1.5 percent of the actual mass for each of two individual runs of 1200 liters. The water meter shall be calibrated in conformance with the requirements of California Test 109 and shall be equipped with a resettable totalizer and display the operating rate.

Calibration tests for aggregate, cement and water proportioning devices shall be conducted with a platform scale located at the calibration site. Weighing of test run calibration material shall be performed on a platform scale having a maximum capacity not exceeding 2.5 tonnes with maximum graduations of 0.5-kg. The platform scale shall be error tested within 8 hours of calibration of batch-mixer truck proportioning devices. Error testing shall be performed with test masses conforming to California Test 109 and shall produce a witness scale that is within 2 graduations of the test mass load. The scale shall be available for use at the production site throughout the production period. Equipment needed for the calibration of proportioning systems shall remain available at the production site throughout the production period. A Certificate of Compliance in conformance with the provisions in Section 6-1.07, "Certificates of Compliance," shall be furnished with each delivery of aggregate, cement, and admixtures used for calibration tests and shall be submitted to the Engineer with a certified copies of the mass of each delivery. The Certificate of Compliance shall state that the source of materials used for the calibration tests is from the same source as to be used for the planned work. The Certificate of Compliance shall state that the material supplied conforms to the Standard Specifications and these Special Provisions and shall be signed by an authorized representative who shall have the authority to represent and act for the Contractor.

The batch-mixer truck shall be equipped so that an accuracy check can be made prior to the first operation for the project and at any other time as directed by the Engineer. Further calibration of proportioning devices shall be required every 30 days after production begins or when the source or type of any ingredient is changed. A spot calibration shall consist of calibration of the cement proportioning system only. A two run spot re-calibration of the cement proportioning system shall be performed each time 50 tonnes of cement has passed through the batch-mixer truck. Should the spot re-calibration of the cement proportioning system fall outside the limitations specified herein, a full calibration of the cement proportioning system shall be completed before the resumption of production.

Liquid admixtures shall be proportioned by a meter.

Cement storage shall be located immediately before the cement feeder and shall be equipped with a device that will automatically shut down the power to the cement feeder and aggregate belt feeder when the cement storage level is lowered to a point where less than 20 percent of the total volume is left in storage.

The Contractor shall furnish aggregate moisture determinations, made in conformance with the requirements of California Test 223, at least every 2 hours during proportioning and mixing operations. Moisture determinations shall be recorded and presented to the Engineer at the end of the production shift.

Each aggregate bin shall be equipped with a device that will automatically shut down the power to the cement feeder and the aggregate belt feeder when the aggregate discharge rate is less than 95 percent of the scheduled discharge rate of any bin.

Indicators specified herein shall be in working order prior to commencing proportioning and mixing operations and shall be visible when standing near the batch-mixer truck.

Identifying numbers of batch-mixer trucks shall be at least 75 mm in height, and be located on the front and rear of the vehicles.

Volumetric proportioned RSC shall be mixed in a mechanically operated mixer of adequate size and power for the type of RSC to be placed. Mixers may be of the auger type and shall be operated uniformly at the mixing speed recommended by the manufacturer. Mixers that have an accumulation of hard concrete or mortar shall be removed from service until cleaned. Other types of mixers may be used provided mixing quality will meet the requirements of these special provisions.

Charge or rate of feed to the mixer shall not exceed that which will permit complete mixing of the materials. Dead areas in the mixer, where material does not move or is not sufficiently agitated, shall be corrected by a reduction in the volume of material or by other adjustments. The mixer shall be designed to provide sufficient mixing action and movement to produce properly mixed RSC. Mixing shall continue until a homogeneous mixture is produced at discharge from the mixer. There shall be no lumps or evidence of non-dispersed cement at discharge from the mixer. No water shall be added to the RSC after discharge from the mixer.

Equipment having components made of aluminum or magnesium alloys, which may have contact with plastic concrete during mixing or transporting of RSC, shall not be used.

Uniformity of concrete mixtures will be determined by differences in penetration measurement made in conformance with the requirements in California Test 533. Difference in penetration, determined by comparing penetration tests on 2 samples of mixed concrete from the same batch or truck mixer load, shall not exceed 15 mm. The Contractor shall furnish samples of freshly mixed concrete and provide facilities for obtaining the samples. Sampling facilities shall be safe, accessible, clean and produce a sample which is representative of production. Sample devices and sampling methods shall also conform to the requirements of California Test 125.

Ice shall not be used to cool RSC directly. When ice is used to cool water used in the mix, all of the ice shall be melted before entering the mixer.

Cement shall be proportioned and charged into the mixer by means that will result in no losses of cement due to wind, or due to accumulation on equipment, or other conditions which will vary the required quantity of cement.

Each mixer shall have a metal plate or plates, prominently attached, on which the following information is provided:

- A. Uses for which the equipment is designed.
- B. Manufacturer's guaranteed capacity of the mixer in terms of the volume of mixed concrete.
- C. Speed of rotation of the mixer.

Consistency and workability of mixed concrete when discharged at the delivery point shall be suitable for placement and consolidation.

Information generated by volumetric devices will not be used for payment calculations.

The device that controls the proportioning of cement, aggregate and water shall produce a log of production data. The log of production data shall consist of a series of snapshots captured at 15-minute intervals throughout the period of daily production. Each snapshot of production data shall be a register of production activity at that time and not a summation of the data over the preceding 15 minutes. The amount of material represented by each snapshot shall be the amount produced in the period of time from 7.5 minutes before to 7.5 minutes after the capture time. The daily log shall be submitted to the Engineer, in electronic or printed media, at the end of each production shift or as requested by the Engineer, and shall include the following:

- A. Mass of cement per revolution count.
- B. Mass of each aggregate size per revolution count.
- C. Gate openings for each aggregate size being used.
- D. Mass of water added to the concrete per revolution count.
- E. Moisture content of each aggregate size being used.
- F. Individual volume of all other admixtures per revolution count.
- G. Time of day.
- H. Day of week.
- I. Production start and stop times.
- J. Batch-mixer truck identification.
- K. Name of supplier.
- L. Specific type, size, or designation of concrete being produced.
- M. Source of the individual aggregate sizes being used.
- N. Source, brand and type of cement being used.
- O. Source, brand and type of individual admixtures being used.
- P. Name and signature of operator.

Required report items may be input by hand into a pre-printed form or captured and printed by the proportioning device. Electronic media containing recorded production data shall be presented in a tab delimited format on a 90-mm diskette with a capacity of at least 1.4 megabytes. Each snapshot of the continuous production shall be followed by a line-feed carriage-return with allowances for sufficient fields to satisfy the amount of data required by these specifications. The reported data shall be in the above order and shall include data titles at least once per report.

#### **Replacement Base Laver**

Base materials removed shall be replaced with replacement base layer. Replacement base layer shall consist of rapid strength concrete and shall be placed in a separate in distinct operation from that of replacing concrete pavement.

Replacement base layer shall be finished to the grade of the original base layer. The surface should not be textured and shall be finished to a smooth surface, free of mortar ridges and other projections. The finished surface shall be free from voids and porous areas.

#### **Bond Breaker**

Bond breaker shall be placed between two layers of Rapid Strength Concrete as shown on the Plans. Bond breaker shall be one of the following:

- A. Current paper conforming to the requirements in ASTM Designation: C171, white.
- B. Polyethylene film conforming to the requirements in ASTM Designation: C171, except that the minimum thickness shall be 0.15 mm, white opaque.
- C. Paving asphalt, Grade AR-4000, conforming to the provisions in Section 92, "Asphalts," of the Standard Specifications.
- D. Pigmented curing compound conforming to the requirements in ASTM Designation: C 309, Type 2, Class A, containing a minimum of 22 percent nonvolatile vehicles consisting of at least 50 percent paraffin wax.

When curing paper or polyethylene film is used, material shall be placed in a wrinkle free manner. Adjacent sheets shall be overlapped a minimum of 150 mm.

When curing compound or paving asphalt is used, all foreign and loose materials remaining from the slab removal shall be removed prior to application.

When paving asphalt is used, no water shall be added before applying asphalt to the surface of the base. The paving asphalt shall be applied in one even application at a rate of 0.10 to 0.45-L/m<sup>2</sup> over the entire base surface area. Concrete pavement shall not be placed until the paving asphalt has cured.

When curing compound is used, the curing compound shall be applied in two separate applications. Each application shall be applied evenly at a rate of 0.3 to 0.5-L/m<sup>2</sup> over the entire base surface area.

# Spreading, Compacting and Shaping

Metal or wood side forms may be used. Wood side forms shall not be less than 38-mm thick. Side forms shall be of sufficient rigidity, both in the form and in the connection with adjoining forms, that movement will not occur under the force from subgrading and paving equipment or from the pressure of concrete.

Side forms shall remain in place until the pavement edge no longer requires the protection of forms. Side forms shall be thoroughly cleaned and oiled prior to each use.

Consolidation of RSC shall be by means of high-frequency internal vibrators after the RSC is deposited on the subgrade. Vibrating shall be done in a manner to assure uniform consolidation adjacent to forms and across the full paving width. RSC shall be placed as nearly as possible in its final position and use of vibrators for extensive shifting of the mass of RSC will not be permitted.

RSC shall be spread and shaped by suitable powered finishing machines and supplemented by hand finishing as necessary. Methods of spreading, shaping and consolidating that result in segregation, voids or rock pockets shall be discontinued. The Contractor shall use methods that will produce dense homogeneous pavement conforming to the required cross section.

After the RSC has been mixed and placed, no additional water shall be added to the surface to facilitate finishing. Surface finishing additives, when used, shall be as recommended by the manufacturer of the cement and shall be approved by the Engineer prior to use.

#### **Joints**

Prior to placing concrete against existing concrete, a 6-mm thick commercial quality polyethylene flexible foam expansion joint filler shall be placed across the original transverse and longitudinal joint faces and extend the full depth of the excavation. The top of the joint filler shall be placed flush with the top of pavement. Joint filler shall be secured to the joint face of the existing pavement by a method that will hold the joint filler in place during the placement of concrete.

Transverse weakened plane joints in pavement widenings shall be constructed to match the spacing and skew of the weakened plane joints in the adjacent existing pavement. Where the existing transverse weakened plane joint spacing in an adjacent lane exceeds 4.6 m, an additional transverse weakened plane joint shall be constructed midway between the existing joints. The provisions in the second and third paragraphs in Section 40-1.08B, "Weakened Plane Joints," and the third paragraph in Section 40-1.08B(1), "Sawing Method," of the Standard Specifications shall not apply. Sawing of weakened plane joints shall be completed within 2 hours of completion of final finishing. Minimum depth of cut for weakened plane joints shall be 140 mm.

# **Final Finishing**

Tests to determine coefficient of friction of the final textured surface will be made only if the Engineer determines by visual inspection that the final texturing may not have produced a surface having the specified coefficient of friction. Any tests to determine the coefficient of friction will be made after the pavement is opened to public traffic, but not later than 5 days after concrete placement. Pavement areas having a coefficient of friction as determined in conformance with the requirements in California Test 342 of less than 0.30 shall be grooved in conformance with the provisions in Section 42-1.02, "Construction," of the Standard Specifications. Grooving shall be performed prior to the installation of any required edge drains adjacent to the areas to be grooved.

Transverse straightedge and longitudinal straightedge requirements will not apply to the pavement surface within 300 mm of the existing concrete pavement except as required in these special provisions. Longitudinal straightedge requirements in Section 40-1.10, "Final Finishing," of the Standard Specifications, shall be applied at transverse contact joints with existing concrete pavement where the straightedge is to be placed with the midpoint coincident with the joints. Pavement not meeting this straightedge requirement shall be corrected within 48 hours by grinding or other methods as approved by the Engineer.

Profiles of the completed pavement surface specified in Section 40-1.10, "Final Finishing," of the Standard Specifications will not be required. The Profile Index requirements in Section 40-1.10, "Final Finishing," of the Standard Specifications shall not apply.

# **Curing Method**

The curing method for replacement pavement shall be as recommended by the manufacturer of the cement and as approved by the Engineer.

# REPLACE EXISTING PAVEMENT DELINEATION

Whenever existing pavement delineation is removed, obliterated or damaged due to the work involved in replacing concrete pavement, the Contractor shall replace the delineation in conformance with the requirements of these special provisions.

# MEASUREMENT AND PAYMENT

Replace concrete pavement (Rapid Strength Concrete) will be measured and paid for in the same manner specified for concrete pavement in Sections 40-1.13, "Measurement," and 40-1.14, "Payment," of the Standard Specifications, and these special provisions.

Replace concrete pavement (Rapid Strength Concrete) payments will be subject to the pay factor values listed in "Pay Factor Adjustment for Low Modulus of Rupture" of these special provisions.

Full compensation for the pre-operation conference, including furnishing the facility to hold the pre-operation conference in, shall be considered as included in the contract prices paid for the item involving RSC and no additional compensation will be made therefor.

Costs for providing JITT will be made in conformance with the provisions in Section 9-1.03, "Force Account Payment," of the Standard Specifications, except no markups shall be added, and the Contractor will be paid for one half of the JITT cost. Costs for providing JITT shall include training materials, class site, and the JITT instructor including the JITT instructor's travel, lodging, meals and presentation materials. All costs incurred by the Contractor or Engineer for attending JITT shall be borne by the party incurring the costs.

The provisions in Section 40-1.135, "Pavement Thickness," of the Standard Specifications shall not apply.

Full compensation for removing and disposing of existing concrete pavement, constructing trial slabs, furnishing and placing bond breaker, furnishing and disposing of standby materials for temporary roadway structural section, and constructing, maintaining, removing and disposing of temporary roadway structural section, and removing all pavement delineation and markers shall be considered as included in the contract price paid per cubic meter for replace concrete pavement (Rapid Strength Concrete), and no additional compensation will be allowed therefor.

If calibration of volumetric batch-trucks is performed more than 160 km from the project limits, additional inspection expenses will be sustained by the State. Whereas it is and will be impracticable and extremely difficult to ascertain and determine the actual increase in these expenses, it is agreed that payment to the Contractor for Replace Concrete Pavement (Rapid Setting Concrete) will be reduced \$1000.

# 10-1.18 THERMOPLASTIC TRAFFIC STRIPE AND PAVEMENT MARKING

Thermoplastic traffic stripes (traffic lines) and pavement markings shall be applied in conformance with the provisions in Section 84, "Traffic Stripes and Pavement Markings," of the Standard Specifications and these special provisions.

Thermoplastic material shall be free of lead and chromium, and shall conform to the requirements in State Specification PTH-02ALKYD.

Retroreflectivity of the thermoplastic traffic stripes and pavement markings shall conform to the requirements in ASTM Designation: D 6359-99. White thermoplastic traffic stripes and pavement markings shall have a minimum initial retroreflectivity of 250 mcd·m<sup>-2</sup>·lx<sup>-1</sup>. Yellow thermoplastic traffic stripes and pavement markings shall have a minimum initial retroreflectivity of 150 mcd·m<sup>-2</sup>·lx<sup>-1</sup>.

Where striping joins existing striping, as shown on the plans, the Contractor shall begin and end the transition from the existing striping pattern into or from the new striping pattern a sufficient distance to ensure continuity of the striping pattern.

Thermoplastic traffic stripes shall be applied at the minimum thickness and application rate as specified below. The minimum application rate is based on a solid stripe of 100 mm in width.

Minimum	Minimum	
StripeThickness	Application Rate	
(mm)	(kg/m)	
2.0	0.4	
2.5	0.5	

Thermoplastic traffic stripes and pavement markings shall be free of runs, bubbles, craters, drag marks, stretch marks, and debris.

At the option of the Contractor, permanent traffic striping and pavement marking tape conforming to the provisions in "Prequalified and Tested Signing and Delineation Materials" of these special provisions may be placed instead of the thermoplastic traffic stripes and pavement markings specified herein. Permanent tape, if used, shall be installed in conformance with the manufacturer's specifications.

If permanent tape is placed instead of thermoplastic traffic stripes and pavement markings, the tape will be measured and paid for by the meter as thermoplastic traffic stripe and by the square meter as thermoplastic pavement marking.

# ENGINEER'S ESTIMATE 04-2R1504

Item	Item	Item	Unit of	Estimated	Unit Price	Item Total
	Code		Measure	Quantity		
1	074017	PREPARE WATER POLLUTION CONTROL PROGRAM	LS	LUMP SUM	LUMP SUM	
2	074020	WATER POLLUTION CONTROL	LS	LUMP SUM	LUMP SUM	
3	033039	TEMPORARY CONCRETE WASHOUT (PORTABLE)	EA	1		
4 (S)	120090	CONSTRUCTION AREA SIGNS	LS	LUMP SUM	LUMP SUM	
5 (S)	120100	TRAFFIC CONTROL SYSTEM	LS	LUMP SUM	LUMP SUM	
6 (S)	128650	PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGN	EA	2		
7	150860	REMOVE BASE AND SURFACING	M3	160		
8	153210	REMOVE CONCRETE	M3	130		
9	374206	SEAL RANDOM CRACKS	LNKM	26		
10	390095	REPLACE ASPHALT CONCRETE SURFACING	M3	1100		
11	401108	REPLACE CONCRETE PAVEMENT (RAPID STRENGTH CONCRETE)	M3	280		
12 (S)	840515	THERMOPLASTIC PAVEMENT MARKING	M2	240		
13 (S)	840561	100 MM THERMOPLASTIC TRAFFIC STRIPE	M	1100		
14 (S)	840563	200 MM THERMOPLASTIC TRAFFIC STRIPE	M	440		
15 (S)	840571	100 MM THERMOPLASTIC TRAFFIC STRIPE (BROKEN 5.18 M - 2.14 M)	M	3230		
16 (S)	850111	PAVEMENT MARKER (RETROREFLECTIVE)	EA	560		
17 (S)	032843	DETECTOR LOOP REPLACEMENT	LS	LUMP SUM	LUMP SUM	
18	999990	MOBILIZATION	LS	LUMP SUM	LUMP SUM	

TOTAL BID:	TO	TAL	BID:		
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